

## Hind II

### Product Information

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**Cat**

ET-1118RE

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**Recognition Sequence**

GTY↑RAC

CAR↓YTG

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**Unit Definition**

One unit of the enzyme is the amount required to hydrolyze 1 µg of Lambda DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl.

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**Reaction Temperature**

37°C

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**Form**

Liquid

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**Storage Buffer**

10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5); 200 mM NaCl; 0.1 mM EDTA; 1 mM DTT; 200 µg/ml BSA; 50% glycerol.

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**Ligation**

After 10-fold overdigestion with enzyme 60% of the DNA fragments can be ligated and recut. In the presence of 10%PEG ligation is better.

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**Source**

An E.coli strain, that carries the cloned gene HindII from Haemophilus influenzae

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**Assayed on**

Lambda DNA

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**Working buffer**

G (10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.6 at 25°C); 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>; 50 mM NaCl; 1 mM DTT.) + BSA

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## Hind II

B	G	O	W	Y	Rose
75 - 100	100	25 - 50	25 - 50	75 - 100	50

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### Non-specific hydrolisis

No nonspecific activity was detected after incubation of 1 µg of Lambda DNA with 20 u.a. of enzyme for 16 hours at 37°C.

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### Size

1000U; 5000U

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### Concentration, u.a./ml

10000

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### Inactivation

20min Under 65°C

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### Reagents Supplied

10 X SE-buffer G, BSA.

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### Storage

-20°C

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### Notes

To obtain 100% activity, BSA should be added to the 1 x reaction mix to a final concentration of 100 µg/ml.

Do not use BSA for long incubation.

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